



Geographic Equity in Youth Development

The needs in Pierce County

Pierce County is particularly positioned to benefit from a state youth development grant program. There are 270 youth programs in the county registered in Elevate Washington, a statewide youth program directory—the second largest county for youth programs within the directory, but this represents only a fraction of the number of registered programs in neighboring King County, which has greater local youth development funding streams.

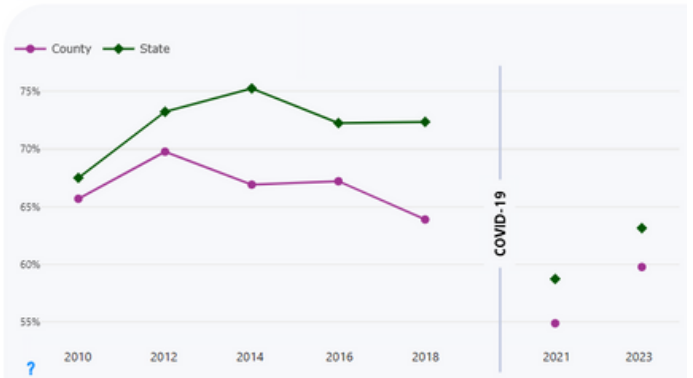
Multiple data points indicate a high need to strengthen access to youth programs in the region. Youth responding to the Washington State Healthy Youth Survey reported a significant drop in access to youth development opportunities in 2021, which has remained low in 2023 and falls significantly below the state average.

Further, Pierce County youth that identified as Hispanic and Native American in this survey were significantly less likely to report access to youth development than their white peers.

At a recent meeting in Tacoma, youth development providers reported challenges accessing needed funds, resulting in shortening and closing of needed programs.

Chart: Percent of Pierce County 8th graders reporting they have access to youth development opportunities in their communities over time. *Healthy Youth Survey, 2023*

Measure: Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement
Location: Pierce County



Access to Youth Development Opportunities, Pierce County—Greatest disparities by race



A solution for Pierce County

State funding is necessary to address the geographic equity gaps in access to youth development in Washington state.

An open, transparent, and accessible state grant program for youth development is urgently needed as a more efficient, impactful, and equitable approach to funding critically-needed youth development programs.



Youth Development
Strategy Table

Geographic Equity *in Youth Development*

It's time to invest in youth development

Investing in afterschool, summer, and mentoring programs means investing in Washington's future. Young people spend most of their time outside school, yet access to high-quality youth programs remains limited, especially in BIPOC and rural communities. It's about time for Washington legislators to prioritize youth development and ensure resources reach all young people. Funding youth development means providing equitable opportunities for our youth to reach the future they envision. **The time to act and invest in our youth is now.**

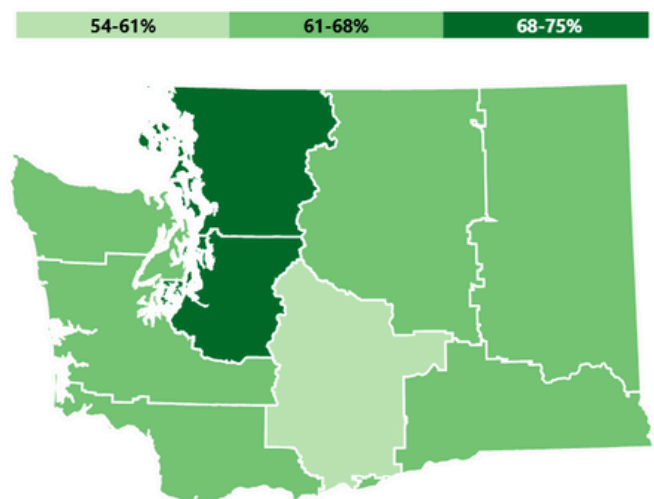
State investment is essential to advancing equity in Washington State

Parent fees, private philanthropy, and local public funding are currently the primary funding streams for youth development programs in Washington. Availability of these funds is highly uneven across the state, resulting in highly inequitable access to youth programs in many parts of our state, especially in rural communities and communities of color.

Currently, there is no state investment in the broader youth development sector. Left with no open way to access state dollars, some organizations have been able to secure some funding through individual budget provisos, but far too many have not. An analysis of provisos for youth development in last year's state supplemental budget showed an inequitable geographic impact: **over \$5M** of funds were directed to programs in specific regions or counties, with **only 6% benefiting youth in counties east of the Cascades.**

Further, there are small pockets of state funding for subsets of programs, but **without an overarching strategic investment in the sector, each of these initiatives is hampered** by the lack of sustainability and capacity of youth-serving organizations to partner in many under-resourced parts of our state.

Map: Percent of Washington State 10th graders reporting they have access to youth development opportunities in their communities, by Education Service District (ESD).
Healthy Youth Survey, 2023



Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement (CPF) across Education Service Districts ranged from 58.4% to 72.2%